

Question block created by wizard

This exam contains 60 questions

1. Newtons second law applies to a mass. Which mass in a gas turbine engine does it apply to?

- (a) Mass of the air.
- (b) Mass of the fuel.
- (c) Mass of the fuel and air.

If choice c is selected set score to 1.

2. What causes a mass to accelerate?

- (a) Energy
- (b) Force
- (c) Power

If choice b is selected set score to 1.

3. How is a gas turbine engine started?

- (a) By spinning the compressor to establish a rearward flow of air, then adding and igniting fuel.
- (b) By adding and igniting fuel, then spinning the compressor to establish a rearward flow of air.
- (c) By adding and igniting fuel, the engine is self-starting.

If choice a is selected set score to 1.

4. To what other type of engine can the working cycle of a gas turbine engine best be compared?

- (a) Four - stroke piston engine.
- (b) Two - stroke piston engine.
- (c) Steam driven piston engine.

If choice a is selected set score to 1.

5. To ensure a steady continuous airflow through a duct, the mass air flow must...

- (a) be the same at any cross section.
- (b) increase as the cross section decrease.
- (c) decrease as the airflow passes through the duct.

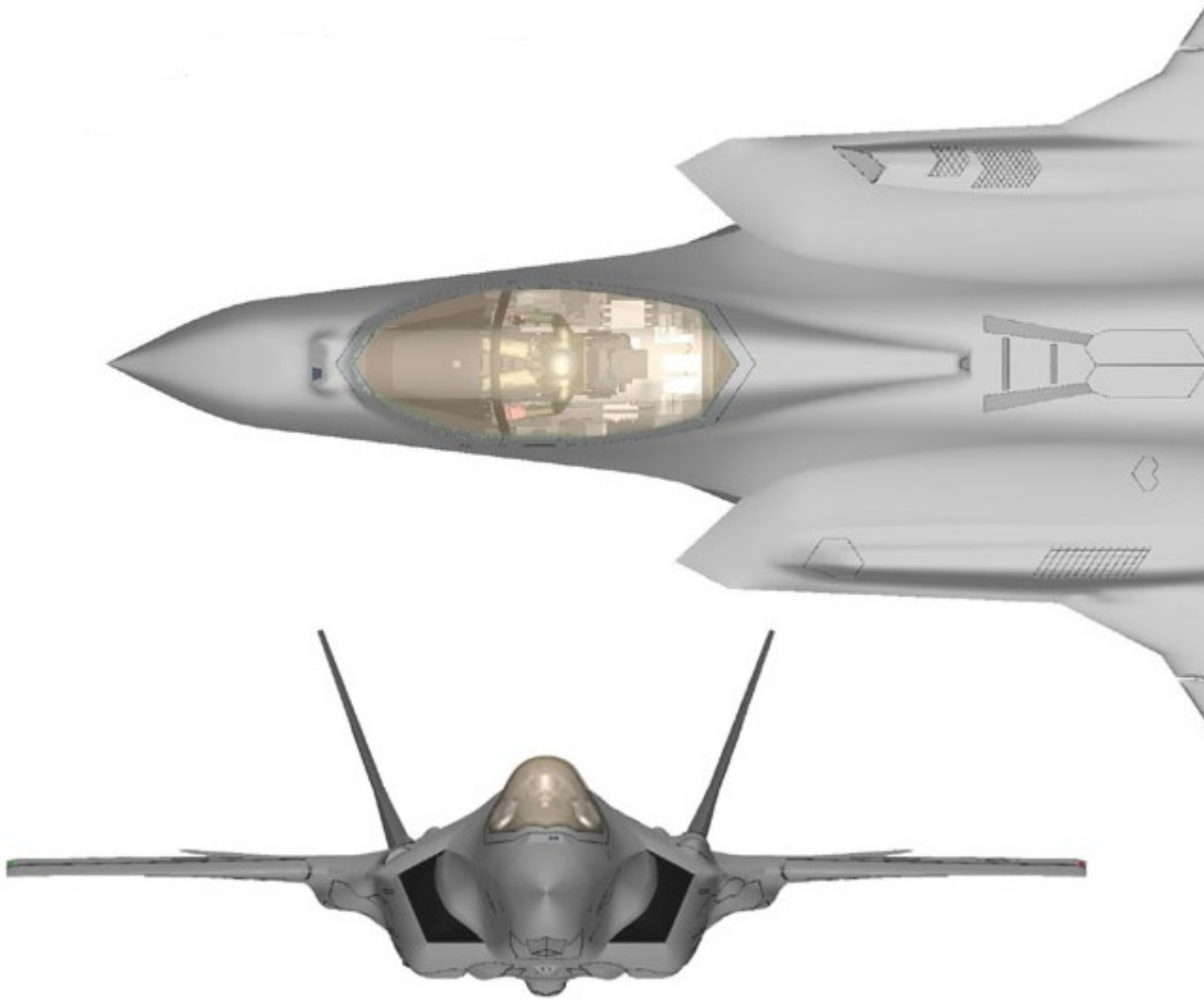
If choice a is selected set score to 1.

6. What is the most effective intake shape for supersonic speeds?

- (a) Convergent - divergent duct.
- o (b) Divergent - convergent duct.
- o (c) Straight duct.

If choice a is selected set score to 1.

7. What type of intake is used on this aircraft with a single engine?



- (a) Bifurcated intake.

- o (b) Side intake.
- o (c) Bellmouth intake.

If choice a is selected set score to 1.

8. How is the hot air anti-ice system activated?

- o (a) The system is always on and can not be switched off
- (b) Manually from the flightdeck
- o (c) Automatically when ice is detected

If choice b is selected set score to 1.

9. What is the disadvantage of a hot air anti-icing system?

- o (a) The system does work when the engine is not running
- o (b) The system can not be switched off
- (c) There is a slight loss of power when the system is on

If choice c is selected set score to 1.

10. What is used on the fan case for fan blade containment?

- o (a) A steel shroud.
- (b) Kevlar cloth
- o (c) Honey comb

If choice b is selected set score to 1.

11. Modern fan rotor blades are made of...

- o (a) steel.
- o (b) aluminum.
- (c) titanium.

If choice c is selected set score to 1.

12. What is a common location to install trim balance bolts?

- o (a) Fan shaft.
- (b) Fan spinner.
- o (c) Fan blades.

If choice b is selected set score to 1.

13. When is a compressor considered to be in surge condition?

- (a) When the whole compressor has stalled.
- o (b) When at least one compressor stage has stalled.
- o (c) When at least one blade has stalled.

If choice a is selected set score to 1.

14. How are very high compressor pressure ratios obtained in axial flow engines?

- o (a) By using variable stator vanes.
- (b) By using multi spools.
- o (c) By using variable bleed valves.

If choice b is selected set score to 1.

15. Where is the point of highest pressure?

- o (a) Combustor.
- (b) Diffuser
- o (c) Exit of the high pressure compressor.

If choice b is selected set score to 1.

16. Why must there be a region of low axial velocity of the air inside the combustion chamber?

- (a) To ensure the flame remains alight.
- o (b) To allow the combustion chamber to be cooled sufficiently.
- o (c) To ensure the burned gasses do not get too hot.

If choice a is selected set score to 1.

17. How does the secondary air enter the combustion chamber?

- (a) Through holes in the wall of the flame tube.
- o (b) Via injectors in the flame tube.
- o (c) Through slots between the flame tube and fuel nozzles.

If choice a is selected set score to 1.

18. A radial inflow turbine will be used for....

- (a) Low by-pass engines.
- (b) APU (auxillary power unit).
- (c) high by-pass engines.

If choice b is selected set score to 1.

19. The nozzle area in an impuls type turbine is....

- (a) constant flow.
- (b) convergent.
- (c) divergent.

If choice b is selected set score to 1.

20. By using fir-tree fixing, the blade will be...

- (a) free when the engine is stationary and stiffened in the root when the engine rotates
- (b) fixed to the disk with no clearances.
- (c) free to move slightly at all times to eliminate stresses in the blade root

If choice a is selected set score to 1.

21. Which phase of turbine blade creep marks the end of its useful life?

- (a) Primary.
- (b) Tertiary.
- (c) Secondary.

If choice b is selected set score to 1.

22. Over a period of operating time the turbine blades slowly grow in length. This phenomenon is known as...

- (a) case growth.
- (b) case restriction.
- (c) creep.

If choice c is selected set score to 1.

23. What shape does a jet pipe have?

- (a) Divergent
- (b) Convergent
- (c) Parallel

If choice c is selected set score to 1.

24. Where are the exhaust inner cone and support struts located?

- (a) Diffuser.
- (b) Fan casing.
- (c) Exhaust casing.

If choice c is selected set score to 1.

25. What is the meaning of a "choked nozzle"?

The gas velocity is...

- (a) at its maximum (maximum thrust).
- (b) below mach speed and speed increase is possible.
- (c) at mach speed and no speed increase is possible.

If choice c is selected set score to 1.

26. What is a clear indication of an imperfect combustion?

- (a) Carbon deposits.
- (b) Decrease in engine power.
- (c) Increase in fuel consumption.

If choice a is selected set score to 1.

27. Why are fuel additives used?

- (a) To improve the properties of the fuel.
- (b) To improve the performance of the engine.
- (c) To make the fuel cheaper.

If choice a is selected set score to 1.

28. Is the use of radio equipment allowed during refueling or defueling?

- (a) Yes, always.
- (b) Only during refueling.

- (c) No, never.

If choice c is selected set score to 1.

29. What type of filters are pleated screens and wafer screens?

- (a) Cleanable screen filters.
- o (b) Non-cleanable screen filters.
- o (c) Scavenge screen filters.

If choice a is selected set score to 1.

30. How is engine oil usually cooled?

- (a) By a fuel/oil cooler.
- o (b) By bleed air.
- o (c) By ram air.

If choice a is selected set score to 1.

31. The fuel control is driven by....

- (a) the engine gear box.
- o (b) the fan.
- o (c) a hydraulic motor.

If choice a is selected set score to 1.

32. What are the most used extinguishing agent(s) approved for aircraft?

- o (a) N (nitrogen).
- (b) Halon 1211 and Halon 1301.
- o (c) CO₂ (carbon oxide) and water.

If choice b is selected set score to 1.

33. What is controlling the fuel flow inside the hydromechanical unit?

- o (a) Servo valve indicator.
- (b) Fuel metering unit.
- o (c) Fuel pump assembly.

If choice b is selected set score to 1.

34. The primary control mode of the EEC is....

- (a) N1.
- (b) N2.
- (c) EPR.

If choice c is selected set score to 1.

35. The fuel pump is driven by....

- (a) the fan gearbox.
- (b) the main gearbox.
- (c) a hydraulic motor.

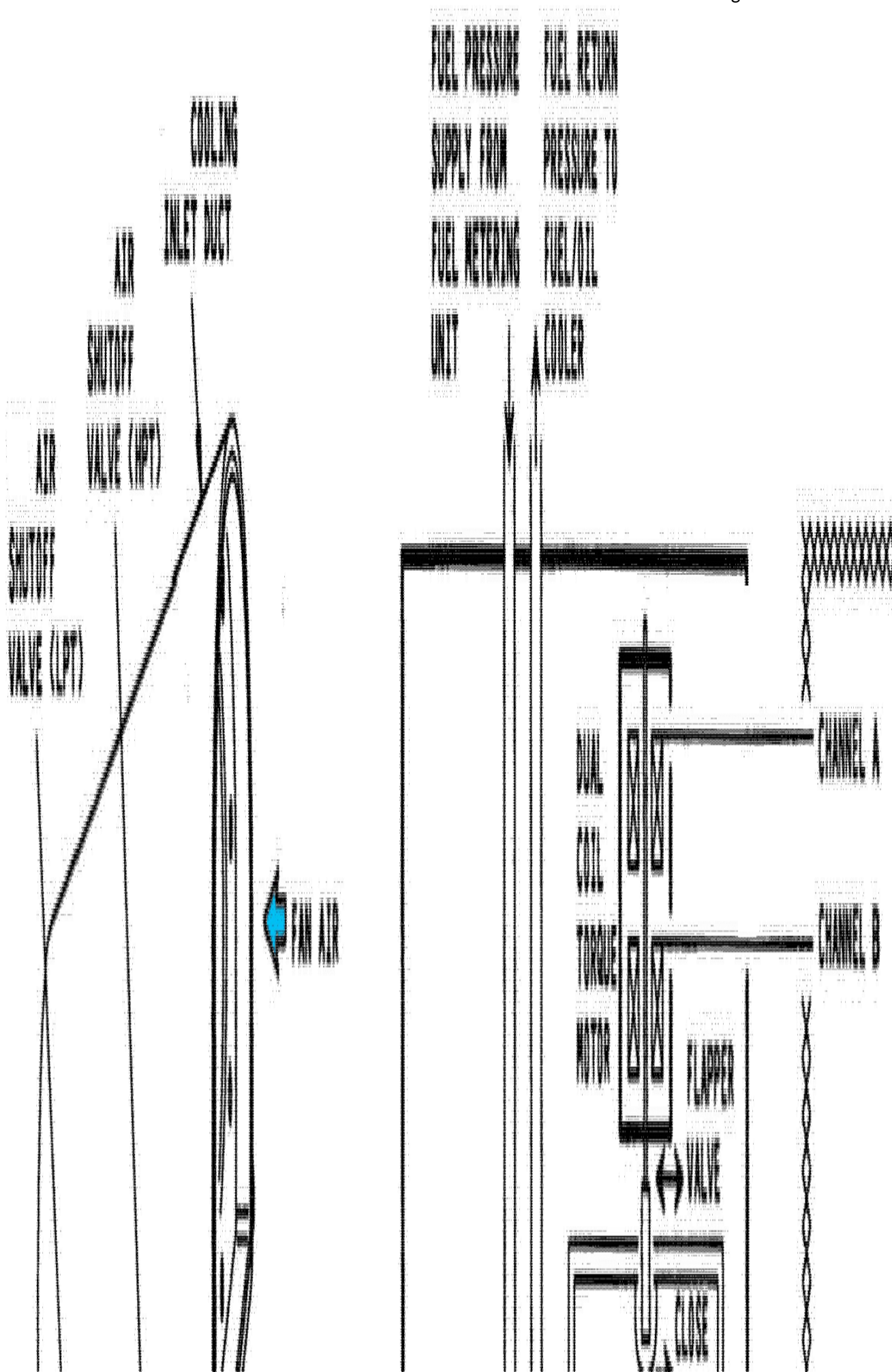
If choice b is selected set score to 1.

36. The EEC alternator powers the....

- (a) fuel pump.
- (b) EEC and provides N2 signal.
- (c) aircraft electrical bus.

If choice b is selected set score to 1.

37. Which cooling system is shown in the Figure below?



- (a) Turbine case cooling
- o (b) Accessory cooling
- o (c) Nacelle zone ventilation

If choice a is selected set score to 1.

38. What is the fail-safe position of the 2.5 bleed valve, during engine start?

- o (a) Half open.
- (b) Fully open.
- o (c) Fully closed.

If choice b is selected set score to 1.

39. What is the benefit of accessory cooling?

- o (a) Improved intake efficiency.
- (b) Improved engine efficiency.
- o (c) Improved engine response time (faster acceleration).

If choice b is selected set score to 1.

40. Generally spoken, compressor control is done to improve....

- (a) starting and surge protection.
- o (b) efficiency of the LP compressor.
- o (c) compression ratios.

If choice a is selected set score to 1.

41. Which statement is true about idle speed?

- o (a) Idle speed is the same under any condition.
- (b) Idle speed varies with altitude.
- o (c) Idle speed keeps the same in any throttle position.

If choice b is selected set score to 1.

42. The starter will turn the engine until it reaches...

- o (a) idle speed.

- (b) a speed slightly higher than what is needed to allow the engine to accelerate on its own.
- o (c) a speed slightly lower than what is needed to allow the engine to accelerate on its own.

If choice b is selected set score to 1.

43. The ignition system fitted to jet engines is...

- (a) always a dual system.
- o (b) always a single system.
- o (c) a low energy system.

If choice a is selected set score to 1.

44. What is a starter duty cycle?

- (a) The amount of time it can run and the amount of time it must be off to cool down.
- o (b) The total life of the starter.
- o (c) The amount of time the starter can run continuously.

If choice a is selected set score to 1.

45. Which part of the engine is subjected to the highest thermal loads?

- (a) Turbines
- o (b) Combustor
- o (c) Compressor

If choice a is selected set score to 1.

46. There are primary and secondary engine instruments. Which one belongs to the primary engine instruments?

- o (a) Fuel pressure indicator.
- o (b) Breather pressure indicator.
- (c) EGT Exhaust gas temperature.

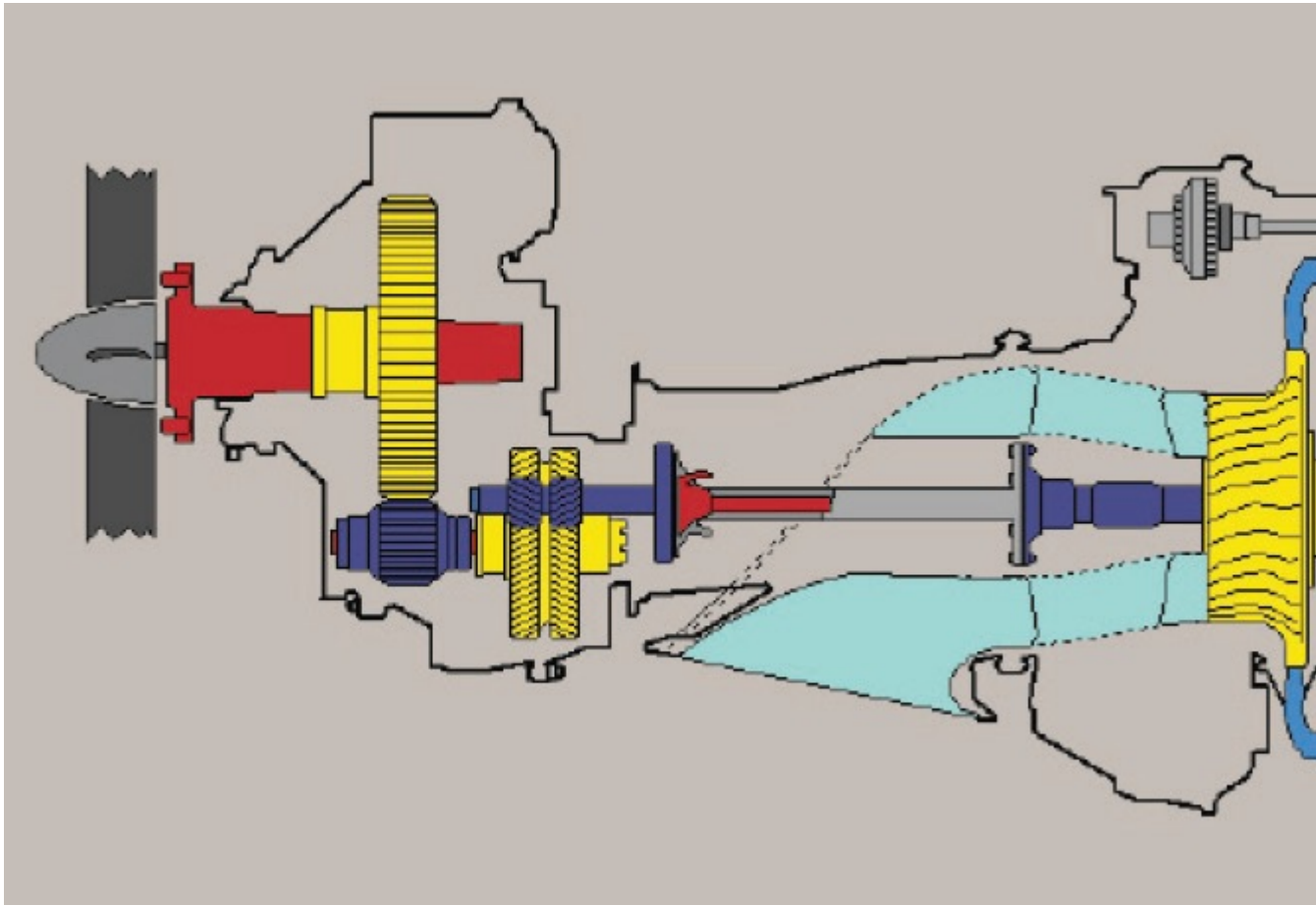
If choice c is selected set score to 1.

47. Torque is used on what type of engines?

- o (a) Turbojets and turboshaft.
- (b) Turboprop and turboshaft.
- o (c) APU and turboprop.

If choice b is selected set score to 1.

48. What type of engine is shown?



- (a) Single shaft turbo prop
- (b) Free power turbine turbo prop
- (c) Geared turbo fan

If choice b is selected set score to 1.

49. What are the engine controls and propeller controls on a turbo prop?

They are...

- (a) connected to each other and operate independently.
- (b) not connected together and operate independently.
- (c) connected to each other and operate in coordination.

If choice c is selected set score to 1.

50. When is a gas turbine engine called a turboshaft?

When power

- (a) is delivered via a shaft to the propellor.
- (b) is delivered via a shaft to something other than a propellor.
- (c) to the propellor is delivered via a power turbine.

If choice b is selected set score to 1.

51. The turboshaft is very similar to what other engine?

- (a) Turboprop
- (b) Turbojet
- (c) Turbofan

If choice a is selected set score to 1.

52. The APU normally provides...

- (a) hydraulic, electric and pneumatic power.
- (b) thrust, electric and pneumatic power.
- (c) electric and pneumatic power.

If choice c is selected set score to 1.

53. What is the preferred method to stop the APU?

- (a) Loss of RPM sensing.
- (b) Injected over-speed and over-temp.
- (c) ECU failure.

If choice b is selected set score to 1.

54. In which area would flexible fluidlines be used?

- (a) Areas where long runs are possible.
- (b) High temperature area
- (c) High vibration area

If choice c is selected set score to 1.

55. What is the largest source of external noise on a modern turbofan engine?

- (a) Thrust reverser
- (b) Exhaust
- (c) Core engine

If choice b is selected set score to 1.

56. What is another name for teleflex cable?

- (a) Data cable
- (b) Multi-strand cable
- (c) Push-pull cable

If choice c is selected set score to 1.

57. What type of gas is used in the systron-donner fire detector?

- (a) Helium
- (b) Oxygen
- (c) Nitrogen

If choice a is selected set score to 1.

58. What is the main difference between a fire detector and an overheat detector?

- (a) Fire detectors are only used on engines, overheat detectors are used on wheel brakes.
- (b) Fire detectors detect fire, overheat detectors detect bleed air leaks.
- (c) Fire detectors are continuous loops, overheat detectors are switches.

If choice b is selected set score to 1.

59. Why must an engine be idled after a high power run?

- (a) To burn the excessive fuel inside the engine.
- (b) To let the pressures stabilize.
- (c) To let the temperatures stabilize.

If choice c is selected set score to 1.

60. How is a sharp-bottomed depression with rough outer edges called?

- (a) A dent.

- o (b) A scratch.
- (c) A nick.

If choice c is selected set score to 1.

***If assessment score is 75% to 100% Pass
If assessment score is 0% to 74% Fail***